



Burkina Faso

**REDD+ PROCESS IN BURKINA FASO
MID-TERM REPORT AND REQUEST
FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDING**

OUTLINE

- **Background**
- **Progress on readiness preparation in Burkina Faso**
 - Organization and consultation
 - Preparation of the REDD+ Strategy
 - Elaboration of national Reference Level
 - National forest monitoring system and information on multiple benefits
- **Summary of the request for additional funding**
- **Summary of upcoming activities for 2018**

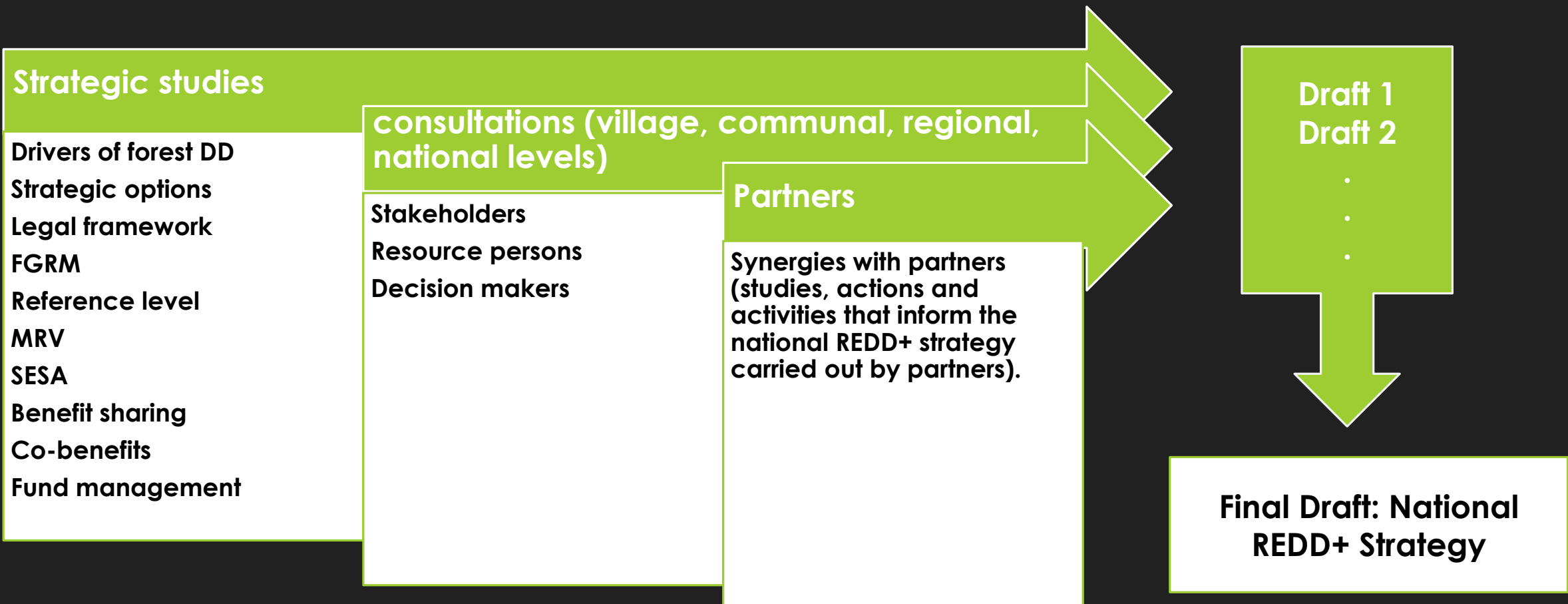
Background

- Burkina Faso is a landlocked, low-income sub-Saharan country, with limited natural resources and an estimated population of about 19 million
- Burkina Faso's land is mostly composed of arid and semi-arid ecosystems
- Its wooded areas and forests cover almost 13 million hectares (40 percent of the country)
- These forests and wooded areas play an important role to sustain the livelihoods of neighboring communities (80% of the population depend on these 2 assets)
- REDD+ is a major component of the country's NDC

Background (2)

- Admission into the Forest Investment Program in March 2010
- Member of the FCPF in December 2013
- Identification of a jurisdictional area for the Emission Reduction Program (October 2017)
- Current direct funding support for the elaboration of the national strategy:
 - FCPF → 3,8 million USD
 - Indirect funding supports are also received from WB and AfDB
- According to the RPP approximately 11 million USD are required for the elaboration of the national REDD+ strategy

Elaboration of the national REDD+ strategy



Organisation and Consultation

Criteria	Assessment
1. Accountability and transparency	Yellow
2. Operating mandate and budget	Green
3. Multisector coordination mechanisms and cross-sector collaboration	Orange
4. Technical supervision capacity	Yellow
5. Funds management capacity	Orange
6. Feedback and grievance redress mechanism	Yellow
7. Participation and engagement of key stakeholders	Orange
8. Consultation processes	Orange
9. Information sharing and accessibility of information	Yellow
10. Implementation and public disclosure of consultation outcomes	Yellow

Institutional arrangements and initial consultations

- a unique umbrella program (Programme d'Investissement Forestier) to supervise all operations related to REDD+ was created under the "Arrêté 2014-053/MEF/MEDD" on February 18, 2014 by the MEEVCC;
- the institutional framework for REDD+ approved under Decree No 2017-1329 by the Council of Ministers on November 22nd 2017;
- Additional funds will be needed to:
 - Complete the operationalization of the REDD+ Secretariat with additional staff and trainings for the experts;
 - Operationalize the Regional Technical Committees and Communal Technical Committees;
 - Train the members of REDD+ coordination and consultation bodies;
 - Organize biannual meetings of various committees and meetings related to the consultation waves process

Consultation plan and participation

- a consultation plan referred to as “consultation waves” has been designed;
- the first wave of consultations has been launched in December 2017;
- Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) are organized under a National Platform of CSOs on Climate Change;
- Synergies are builded with DGM to implement the consultation waves, strengthening the capacities of local people and increase the participation of local people in REDD+;
- Permanent meetings are held with private sector actors to discuss on their participation in the REDD+ process;

Consultation plan and participation (2)

- Discussions of a possible private-public partnership to implement an ambitious approach to decarbonize shea butter production in Burkina Faso are ongoing;
- the REDD+ Gender Engagement Plan is under elaboration;
- Prior axis for gender engagement have already been identified:
 - Improve the consultation process;
 - Strengthening women's economic autonomy in the cashew and mango sectors (24000 members of cooperatives targeted, of which 60% are women);
 - Providing economic opportunities through the development of the shea butter (80% of women in rural areas are employed in the shea sector);
 - Supporting land tenure rights: Discussions with the Land Tenure Facility are underway to explore ways to secure women's access to land and resources;
 - Better understanding the role of women in forest resource management.

Consultation plan and participation (3)

- a communication strategy has been developed to disseminate progress achieved by the Program as well as the REDD+ Readiness process;
- a website is operational (www.pif-Burkina.org);
- Several short videos on specific topics such as the REDD+ process and its challenges in Burkina Faso, the MRV process... have been edited.
- Additional funds are needed for the:
 - Launching 02 additional consultation waves in the ER-Program area;
 - Development of the Gender approach;
 - Support of the shea consortium (establishment of a baseline, identification of sites, trainings)

Preparation of the REDD+ Strategy

Criteria	Assessment
11. Assessment and analysis	Green
12. Prioritization of direct and indirect drivers/barriers to forest carbon stock enhancement	Green
13. Links between drivers/barriers and REDD+ activities	Orange
14. Action plans to address natural resource rights, land tenure, governance	Yellow
15. Implications for forest law and policy	Yellow
16. Selection and prioritization of REDD+ strategy options	Red
17. Feasibility assessment	Red
18. Implications of strategy options on existing sectoral policies	Orange
19. Adoption and implementation of legislation/regulations	Red
20. Guidelines for implementation	Red
21. Benefit-sharing mechanism	Yellow
22. National REDD+ registry and monitoring system	Red
23. Analysis of social and environmental safeguard issues	Yellow
24. REDD+ strategy design with respect to impacts	Red
25. Environmental and Social Management Framework	Yellow

Analysis of drivers of deforestation and forest degradation

- a preliminary analysis on the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation conducted as part of the R-PP;
- An undergoing in-depth analysis on the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation. This study includes:
 - land-use systems as direct drivers of deforestation and forest degradation;
 - the relationship between mining, deforestation and forest degradation;
 - non-timber forest products exploitation practices;
 - sensitivity of rural populations towards forests and impacts of management and environmental practices on the productivity of natural forests;
 - the ties between the local culture/traditions and forests;
 - the interrelation between forest governance, deforestation and forest degradation.

REDD+ strategic options

- the R-PP has identified four strategic paths for Burkina Faso's REDD+ strategy:
 - land use planning;
 - land tenure security;
 - management of agro-sylvo-pastoral systems; and
 - capacity building, policy harmonization and the promotion of natural resources governance, in particular forests.
- These strategic options are already being tested in various projects carried out by the FIP and other partners;
- In-depth study on strategic options is ongoing.

REDD+ implementation framework

- Analysis of the legislative and regulatory framework in the context of REDD+ (September 2016);
- Analysis of the introduction of REDD+ in relevant national sectoral strategies (PNDES, PNSR 2);
- the Government adopted Decree N°2017 – 272/MEEVCC/CAB on November 16th, 2017 to approve the creation the National Training Center on REDD+ and Climate Change (CENAFO/REDD+);
- a summary report on the existing benefit sharing mechanisms for natural resource management (December 2017);
- Assessment of the Environmental Intervention Fund (FIE) as a potential financial instrument for future REDD+ benefit sharing mechanism.
- Additional funds are needed to:
 - Study on land tenure and carbon right
 - Integration of REDD+ into relevant legal frameworks, including consultations
 - Development and operationalization of a benefit sharing mechanism and a fund management system

Environmental and social impacts

- The consultancy firm in charge of elaborating the Strategic Environmental and Social Assessment (SESA) and the Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) has been recruited (2017) and have started the SESA in February 2018.
- Additional funds will allow:
 - The development of the SIS;
 - SESA capacity building.

FRL and forest monitoring/information on safeguards

Criteria	Assessment
26. Demonstration of methodology	Yellow
27. Use of historical data and adjustment for national circumstances	Yellow
28. Technical feasibility of the methodological approach, and consistency with UNFCCC/IPCC guidance and guidelines	Yellow
29. Documentation of monitoring approach	Yellow
30. Demonstration of early system implementation	Red
31. Institutional arrangements and capacities	Yellow
32. Identification of relevant non-carbon aspects, and social and environmental issues	Yellow
33. Monitoring, reporting, and information sharing	Red
34. Institutional arrangements and capacities	Yellow

FRL/FREL

- Scope:
 - Forest definition set;
 - CO2 has been selected as the gas to be reported;
 - Carbon pools have been identified;
 - Key concepts and thematic classes defined based on national circumstances;
 - Decisions on approaches, methods and Tier levels have been made.
- Scale:
 - National with subnational in regions
- Approach:
 - Historic changes and future adjustments

FRL/FREL (2)

- Datasets:
 - Historic land cover databases: 1992, 2002, 2012;
 - Two (02) existing NFI (1983, 2012);
 - Three (03) protocols signed with national institutions: (i) Burkina Faso Geographical Institute (IGB) to produce cartographic and analytical data; (ii) National Office of Soils (BUNASOLs) to produce data on soil carbon and (iii) General Direction of Water and Forests (DGEF) and the National Service of Forestry Information System (SNSIF) to mainly generate data on root carbon, elaborate allometric equations, and strengthen the national capacity in assessing forest carbon sequestration.
- A methodology for the estimation of soil carbon related to agricultural good practices is under development: SALM
- Additional funds are needed to:
 - Data collection and processing for the FRL
 - National workshops on FRL

National forest monitoring system

- Elaboration of the MRV action plan;
- Development of methodologies and institutional arrangements;
- Elaboration of guides describing standard operating procedures for the production of forest cover change maps and for the collection, analysis and processing of field data;
- Identification of MRV institutions;
- National staff receiving training on REDDCompass
- Additional funds will allow:
 - The participation in trainings on GHG inventory, carbon accounting, activity data assessment;
 - The update of the national guidelines for MRV;
 - The Development of a concept for participatory MRV;
 - The development of allometric equations, land-use database, and capacity building of MRV actors (decentralized structures, local actors etc.) relevant for the system (training, material support).

Design of an Information System to Monitor REDD+ Multiple Benefits

- Elaboration of a preliminary list of environmental, socio-economic and governance benefits;
- Identification of an existing system to collect information on REDD+ non carbon benefits:
EIS

Summary of grant request (3)

Sections	Additional grant requested (USD)	
	2019	2020
Section 1: Organisation and consultation	725 000	925 000
Section 2: Preparation of the REDD+ strategy	170 000	310 000
Section 3: Forest Reference Level	140 000	80 000
Section 4: Design Systems for National Forest Monitoring and Information on Multiple Benefits	173 000	547 000
Sub Total	1 208 000	1 862 000
Total	3 070 000	

Summary of upcoming activities for 2018

- Setting up the REDD+ National Committee and National Platform (1a)
- Setting up the Grievance Redress Mechanism (1a)
- Additional consultation waves on drivers of deforestation, the SESA and the first draft of the national strategy (1b)
- Broader discussions with CSOs and the private sector (1b)
- Support the request for the gender grant (1b)
- Finalization of studies on drivers of deforestation and forest degradation (2a)
- Analysis of land tenure right and carbon right (2a)
- Refine the strategic options identified in the RPP (2b)

Summary of upcoming activities for 2018 (2)

- Mapping of projects with REDD+ potential (2b)
- Validation of the report on the legal framework and elaboration of an action plan for next steps (2c)
- Additional trainings on the strategic framework (2c)
- Assessment of the FIE as a financial tool for future REDD+ carbon finance (2c)
- Elaboration of the first draft of the national strategy (2c)
- Elaboration of an ER-PIN (2c)
- Proposal to the GCF for the future ER-Program (2c)

Summary of upcoming activities for 2018 (3)

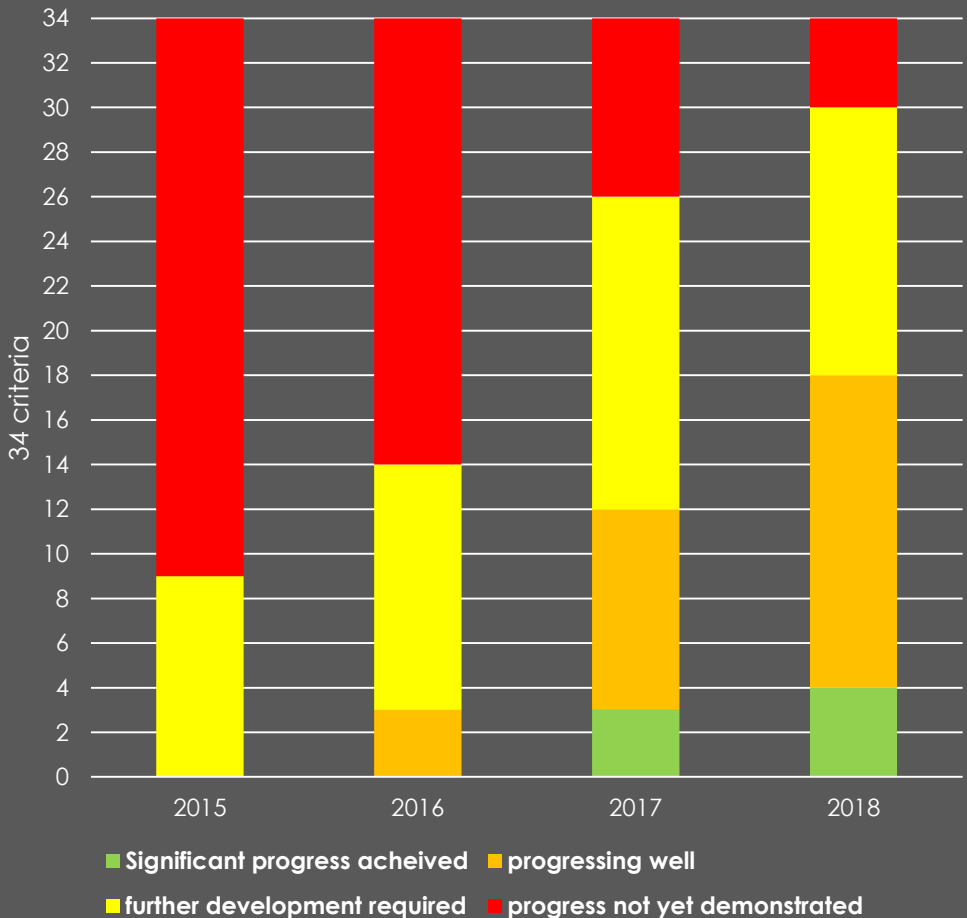
- Support national institutions (IGB, BUNASOLS, SNSIF) in the production of necessary complementary data for the elaboration of the FRL/FREL (3)
- Establish the FRL/FREL (3)
- Organisation of workshops on MRV elements including guidance for MRV system development, application of the IPCC guidelines, REDDCompass... (4a)
- Elaboration of allometric equations (4a)
- consultations for the definition of the MRV institutional framework (4a)
- Audit the existing EIS to assess the indicators currently collected (4b)
- Strengthen the institutional capacity with regards to managing the EIS (4b)

Summary of upcoming activities for 2018 (4)

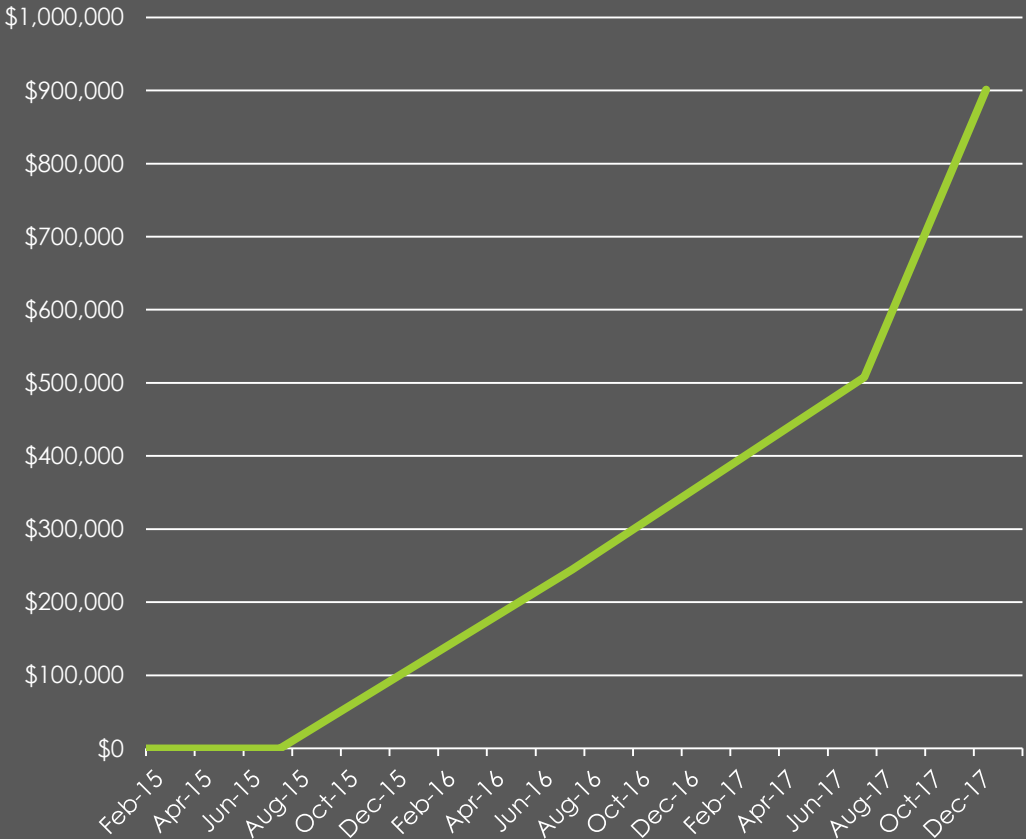
Sections	Amount of funds available needed (USD)
Section 1: Organisation and consultation	474 000
Section 2: Preparation of the REDD+ strategy	395 000
Section 3: Forest Reference Level	465 000
Section 4: Design Systems for National Forest Monitoring and Information on Multiple Benefits	35 000
Total	1 369 000

Progress in activities and disbursements

Progress in activities



Disbursements





Merci pour votre aimable attention